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ASR Nederland N.V. application of the Dutch Corporate Governance Code

March 2025

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Introduction

The Dutch Corporate Governance Code (the '**Code**') was first adopted in 2003 and was amended in 2008, 2016 and 2022. The Code of 2022 came into force as of the financial year starting on or after 1 January 2023. Consequently, Dutch listed companies report on the financial year 2024 on their application of the Code of 2022 and elaborate on deviations from any best practice provision.

As a Dutch listed company ASR Nederland N.V. ('ASR Nederland') must adhere to the Code. ASR Nederland considers the principles and best practices of the Code as a useful and efficient guide that contributes to ASR Nederland's effort to carefully take into account the interests of its stakeholders. The Code also supports transparency in decision-making and helps strengthen the principles of good governance.

It should be noted that ASR Nederland has an executive board (the '**EB**') and a management board (the '**MB**'). The EB is the board as defined under Dutch law and is entrusted with the management, strategy, structure and performance of ASR Nederland under the supervision of the supervisory board of ASR Nederland (the '**SB**'). The MB supports and shares responsibility with the EB on the above tasks. Any reference in the Code to the 'management board' should be interpreted as a reference to the EB and any reference in the Code to "executive committee" should be interpreted as a reference to the MB.

It is the responsibility of both the EB and the SB to monitor ASR Nederland's overall corporate governance structure. Any substantial change to this structure shall be submitted to the General Meeting for discussion. Generally, ASR Nederland complies with the principles of the Code and applies the best practice provisions. In this booklet ASR Nederland reports on its application of the Code.

On ASR Nederland's website (http://asrnl.com) more information can be found on ASR Nederland's corporate governance.

March 2025

Chapter 1. Sustainable Long-Term Value Creation

Principle 1.1 Sustainable Long-term value creation

The management board is responsible for the continuity of the company and its affiliated enterprise and for sustainable long-term value creation by the company and its affiliated enterprise. The management board takes into account the impact the actions of the company and its affiliated enterprise have on people and the environment and to that end weighs the stakeholder interests that are relevant in this context. The supervisory board monitors the management board in this regard.

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
 1.1.1 Strategy for sustainable long-term value creation The management board should develop a view on sustainable long-term value creation by the company and its affiliated enterprise and formulate a strategy in line with this. The management board should formulate specific objectives in this regard. Depending on market dynamics, it may be necessary to make short-term adjustments to the strategy. 	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See chapters 2.1 and 3 of the 2024 Annual Report of ASR Nederland (' Annual Report ')
 When developing the strategy, attention should in any event be paid to the following: i. the strategy's implementation and feasibility; ii. the business model applied by the company and the market in which the 		
 company and its affiliated enterprise operate; iii. opportunities and risks for the company; iv. the company's operational and financial goals and their impact on its future position in relevant markets; 		
 v. the interests of the stakeholders; vi. the impact of the company and its affiliated enterprise in the field of sustai- nability, including the effects on people and the environment; 		
 vii. paying a fair share of tax to the countries in which the company operates; and viii. the impact of new technologies and changing business models. 		

Deat annation annation	Anglighting ACD Medauland	Source
Best practice provision 1.1.2 Involvement of the supervisory board The management board should engage the supervisory board early on in formulating the strategy for realising sustainable long-term value creation. The management board accounts to the supervisory board for the strategy and the explanatory notes to that strategy.	Application ASR Nederland ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See: - article 3.3 of the Rules of Procedure of the Executive Board and the Management Board of ASR Nederland N.V. on <u>www.asrnl.com</u> under Corporate Governance ('the EB and MB Rules'); and - article 23.2 of the Articles of Association of ASR Nederland on <u>www.asrnl.com</u> under Corporate Governance (the Articles of Association).
1.1.3 Role of the supervisory board The supervisory board should supervise the manner in which the management board implements the strategy for sustainable long-term value creation. The supervisory board should regularly discuss the strategy, the implementation of the strategy and the principal risks associated with it. In the report drawn up by the supervisory board, an account is given of its involvement in the establishment of the strategy, and the way in which it monitors its implementation.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	 See: article 23.1 of the Articles of Association; and article 1.2 of the Rules of Procedure of the Supervisory Board on <u>www.asrnl.com</u> under Corporate Governance ('the SB Rules'); and chapter 5.2 of the Annual Report.
1.1.4 Reporting by the management board In the management report, the management board should provide a more detailed explanation of its view on long-term-value creation and the strategy to realise this and describe the contributions made to sustaina- ble long-term value creation in the past financial year. In addition, it describes the formulated objectives, what effects the company's products, services and activities have had on people and the environment, how the interests of stakeholders have been considered, what action has been taken in that context and the extent to which the set objectives have been attained. The manage- ment board should report on both the short- and the long-term developments. The second sentence of this best practice provision is not applicable if the company reports in accordance with the requirements laid down in Dutch legislation pursuant to the Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive (CSRD) or comparable standards applicable to the company in respect of its listing outside the Netherlands.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision. Since ASR Nederland reports in accordance with the requirements laid down in Dutch legislation pursuant to the Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive (CSRD), the second sentence is not applica- ble.	See chapters 2.1, 3 and 6 of the Annual Report.

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
1.1.5 Dialogue with stakeholders To ensure that the interests of the relevant stakeholders of the company are considered when the sustainability aspects of the strategy are determined, the company should draw up an outline policy for effective dialogue with those stakeholders. The relevant stakeholders and the company should be prepared to engage in a dialogue. The company should facilitate this dialogue unless, in the opinion of the management board, this is not in the interests of the company and its affiliated enterprise. The company should publish the policy on its website.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See the a.s.r. Stakeholder Policy on <u>www.asrnl.com</u> under Policy and Guidelines.

Principle 1.2 Risk management

The company should have adequate internal risk management and control systems in place. The management board is responsible for identifying and managing the risks associated with the company's strategy and activities.

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
1.2.1 Risk assessment The management board should identify and analyse the risks associated with the strategy and activities of the company and its affiliated enterprise. The identification and analysis should cover in any case the strategic, operational, compliance and reporting risks. The management board is responsible for establishing the risk appetite, and also the measures that are put in place in order to counter the risks being taken.	ASR Nederland applies this provision.	See article 3.5 and 4 of the EB and MB Rules and chapter 7.8 of the Annual Report.
1.2.2 Implementation Based on the risk assessment, as referred to in best practice provision 1.2.1, the management board should design, implement and maintain adequate internal risk management and control systems. To the extent relevant, these systems should be integrated into the work processes within the company and its affilia- ted enterprise, and should be familiar to those whose work they are relevant to.	ASR Nederland applies this provision.	See article 3.5 of the EB and MB Rules and chapter 7.8 of the Annual Report.

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
1.2.3 Monitoring of design and operation The management board should monitor the design and operation of the internal risk management and control systems and should carry out a systematic assessment of their design and operation at least once a year. Attention should be paid to observed weaknesses, instances of misconduct and irregularities, indications from whistleblowers, lessons learned and findings from the internal audit function and the external auditor. Where necessary, improvements should be made to internal risk management and control systems.	ASR Nederland applies this provision.	See article 3.5 of the EB and MB Rules and chapter 7.8 of the Annual Report

Principle 1.3 Internal audit function

The task of the internal audit function is to assess the design and operation of the internal risk management and control systems. The management board is responsible for the internal audit function. The supervisory board oversees the internal audit function and maintains regular contact with the person fulfilling this function.

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
1.3.1 Appointment and dismissal The management board both appoints and dismisses the senior internal auditor. Both the appointment and the dismissal of the senior internal auditor should be submitted to the supervisory board for approval, along with the recommendation of the audit committee.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	 See: article 1.2 of the SB Rules; and article 1.3 of the Rules of Procedure of the Audit and Risk Committee, in Annex A of the SB Rules ('A&RC Rules').
 1.3.2 Assessment of the internal audit function The management board should assess annually the way in which the internal audit function fulfils its responsibility, after consultation with the audit committee. An independent third party should assess the performance of the internal audit function at least every five years. 	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See article 3.4(i) of the EB and MB Rules.
1.3.3 Internal audit plan The internal audit function should draw up an audit plan after consultation with the manage- ment board, the audit committee and the external auditor. The audit plan should be submitted to the management board and then to the supervisory board for approval. In the internal audit plan, attention should be paid to interaction with the external auditor.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	Internal audit has an annual audit plan.

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
1.3.4 Performance of work The internal audit function should have sufficient resources to execute the internal audit plan and have access to information that is important for the performance of its work. The internal audit function should have direct access to the audit committee and the external auditor. Records should be kept of how the audit committee is informed by the internal audit function.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See: - article 1.2 of the SB Rules; and - article 1.2 and 1.3 of the A&RC Rules.
 1.3.5 Reports of findings The internal audit function should report the audit results to the management board and the audit committee, and inform the external auditor. The findings of the internal audit function should, at least, include the following: any flaws in the effectiveness of the internal risk management and control systems; any findings and observations with a material impact on the risk profile of the company and its affiliated enterprise; and any failings in the follow-up of recommendations made by the internal audit function. 	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See: - article 1.3 of the A&RC Rules; and - article 6.3(g) of the EB and MB Rules.
The internal audit function should report hierarchically to a member of the manage- ment board, preferably to the CEO.		
1.3.6 Absence of an internal audit depart- ment If there is no separate department for the internal audit function, the supervisory board will assess annually whether adequate alternative measures have been taken, partly on the basis of a recommendation issued by the audit committee, and will consider whether it is necessary to establish an internal audit department. The supervisory board should include the conclusions, along with any resulting recommendations and alternative measures, in the report of the supervisory board.	Not applicable, ASR Nederland has a separate department for the internal audit function.	

Principle 1.4 Risk management accountability The management board should render account of the effectiveness of the design and the operation of the internal risk management and control systems.

Best practice provision 1.4.1 Accountability to the supervisory board The management board should discuss the effectiveness of the design and operation of the internal risk management and control systems referred to in best practice provisions 1.2.1 to 1.2.3 inclusive with the audit commit- tee, and render account of this to the supervi- sory board.	Application ASR Nederland ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	Source See: - article 12.1 of the EB and MB Rules; and - article 1.2 of the SB Rules; and - article 1.1-1.3 of the A&RC Rules.
 1.4.2 Reporting on risk management In the management report, the management board should render account of: the execution of the risk assessment, with a description of the principal risks facing the company in relation to its risk appetite, as referred to in best practice provision 1.2.1; the design and operation of the internal risk management and control systems during the past financial year; any major failings in the internal risk management and control systems which have been observed in the financial year, any significant changes made to these systems and any major improvements planned, along with a confirmation that these issues have been discussed with the audit committee and the supervisory board; and the sensitivity of the results of the company to material changes in external factors. 	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See chapter 7.8 of the Annual Report.

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
1.4.3 Statement by the management board	ASR Nederland applies this best	See chapter 7.8 of the Annual
The management board should state in the	practice provision.	Report
management report, with clear substantiation,		
that:		
i. the report provides sufficient insights into		
any failings in the effectiveness of the		
internal risk management and control		
systems with regard to the risks as		
referred to in best practice provision 1.2.1;		
ii. the aforementioned systems provide		
reasonable assurance that the financial		
reporting does not contain any material		
inaccuracies;		
iii. based on the current state of affairs, it is		
justified that the financial reporting is		
prepared on a going concern basis; and		
iv. the report states the material risks, as		
referred to in best practice provision 1.2.1,		
and the uncertainties, to the extent that		
they are relevant to the expectation of the		
company's continuity for the period of		
twelve months after the preparation of the		
report.		

Principle 1.5 Role of the Supervisory Board

The supervisory board should supervise the policies carried out by the management board and the general affairs of the company and its affiliated enterprise. In so doing, the supervisory board should also focus on the effectiveness of the company's internal risk management and control systems and the integrity and quality of the financial and sustainability reporting.

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
1.5.1 Duties and responsibilities of the audit committee The audit committee undertakes preparatory work for the supervisory board's decision- making regarding the supervision of the integrity and quality of the company's financial and sustainability reporting and the effective-	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See article 1 of the A&RC Rules.
ness of the company's internal risk manage- ment and control systems, as referred to in best practice provisions 1.2.1 to 1.2.3 inclu- sive. It focuses among other things on the supervision of the management board with		
regard to: i. relations with, and compliance with recommendations and follow-up of comments by the internal and external auditors and any other external party involved in auditing the sustainability reporting;		
ii. the funding of the company; andiii. the company's tax policy.		

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Best practice provision 1.5.2 Attendance of the management board, internal auditor and external auditor at audit committee consultations The chief financial officer, the internal auditor and the external auditor should attend the audit committee meetings, unless the audit committee determines otherwise. The audit committee should decide whether and, if so, when the chairman of the management board should attend its meetings.	Application ASR Nederland ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	Source See article 4.4 of the A&RC Rules.
 1.5.3 Audit committee report The audit committee should report to the supervisory board on its deliberations and findings. This report must, at least, include the following information: i. the methods used to assess the effective- ness of the design and operation of the internal risk management and control systems referred to in best practice provisions 1.2.1 to 1.2.3, inclusive; ii. the methods used to assess the effective- ness of the internal and external audit processes; iii. material considerations concerning financial and sustainability reporting; and iv. the way in which the material risks and uncertainties, referred to in best practice provisions 1.4.2 and 1.4.3, have been analysed and discussed, along with a description of the most important findings of the audit committee. 	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See article 1.6 of the A&RC Rules.
1.5.4 Supervisory board The supervisory board should discuss the items reported on by the audit committee on the basis of best practice provision 1.5.3.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See article 9.5 of the SB Rules.

Principle 1.6 Appointment and assessment of the functioning of the external auditor The supervisory board should submit the nomination for the appointment of the external auditor to the general meeting and should supervise the external auditor's functioning.

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
1.6.1 Functioning and appointment The audit committee should report annually to the supervisory board on the functioning of, and the developments in, the relationship with the external auditor. The audit committee should advise the supervisory board regarding the external auditor's nomination for appoint- ment/reappointment or dismissal and should prepare the selection of the external auditor. The audit committee should give due consi- deration to the management board's observa- tions during the aforementioned work. Also on this basis, the supervisory board should determine its nomination for the appointment of the external auditor to the general mee- ting.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See article 1.5 of the A&RC Rules.
1.6.2 Informing the external auditor about its functioning The supervisory board should give the external auditor a general idea of the content of the reports relating to its functioning.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See article 1.2(h) of the SB Rules.
1.6.3 Engagement The audit committee should submit a proposal to the supervisory board for the external auditor's engagement to audit the annual accounts. The management board should play a facilitating role in this process. In formulating the terms of engagement, attention should be paid to the scope of the audit, the materiality to be applied and remuneration for the audit. The supervisory board should resolve on the engagement.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	 See: article 3.4(h) of the EB and MB Rules; and article 1.2(h) of the SB Rules; and article 1.3 of the A&RC Rules.
1.6.4 Accountability The main conclusions of the supervisory board regarding the external auditor's nomination and the outcomes of the external auditor selection process should be communicated to the general meeting.	ASR Nederland shall apply this best practice provision, if applica- ble.	See Convocation AGM 2024.
1.6.5 Departure of the external auditor The company should publish a press release in the event of the early termination of the relationship with the external audit firm. The press release should explain the reasons for this early termination.	ASR Nederland shall apply this best practice provision, if applica- ble.	

Principle 1.7 Performance of the external auditor's work

The audit committee and the external auditor should discuss the audit plan and the findings of the external auditor based on the work the external auditor has undertaken. The management board and the supervisory board should maintain regular contact with the external auditor.

Best practice provision 1.7.1 Provision of information to the external auditor The management board should ensure that the external auditor will receive all information that is necessary for the performance of his work in a timely fashion. The management board should give the external auditor the opportunity to respond to the information that has been provided.	Application ASR Nederland ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	Source
 1.7.2 Audit plan and external auditor's findings The external auditor should discuss the draft audit plan with the management board before presenting it to the audit committee. The audit committee should discuss annually with the external auditor: i. the scope and materiality of the audit plan and the principal risks of the annual reporting identified by the external auditor in the audit plan; and ii. based also on the documents from which the audit plan was developed, the findings and outcomes of the audit work on the annual accounts and the management letter. 	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See article 1.4 of the A&RC Rules.
1.7.3 Publication of financial reports The audit committee should determine whether and, if so, how the external auditor should be involved in the content and publication of financial reports other than the annual accounts.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See article 1.3(h) of the A&RC Rules.
1.7.4 Consultations with the external auditor outside the management board's presence The audit committee should meet with the external auditor as often as it considers necessary, but at least once per year, without the presence of the management board.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See article 4.2 of the A&RC Rules.
1.7.5 Examination of discussion points arising between the external auditor and the management board The supervisory board should be permitted to examine the most important points of discussion arising between the external auditor and the management board based on the draft management letter or the draft audit report.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See articles 1.4 and 1.6 of the A&RC Rules.

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
1.7.6 External auditor's attendance of	ASR Nederland applies this best	See article 8.4 of the SB Rules.
supervisory board meetings	practice provision.	
The external auditor should in any event		
attend the meeting of the supervisory board		
at which the report of the external auditor on		
the audit of the annual accounts is discussed.		

Chapter 2. Effective Management and Supervision

Principle 2.1 Composition and size

The management board, the supervisory board and the executive committee (if any) should be composed in such a way as to ensure a degree of diversity appropriate to the company with regard to expertise, experience, competencies, other personal qualities, sex or gender identity, age, nationality and cultural or other background.

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
 2.1.1 Profile The supervisory board should prepare a profile, taking account of the nature and the activities of the enterprise affiliated with the company. The profile should address: the desired expertise and background of the supervisory board members; the desired diverse composition of the supervisory board, referred to in best practice provision 2.1.5; the size of the supervisory board; and the independence of the supervisory board members. The profile should be posted on the company's website. 	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See article 2.2 of the SB Rules and the Profile of the SB on <u>www.asrnl.</u> <u>com</u> under Corporate Governan- ce.
 2.1.2 Personal information The following information about each supervisory board member should be included in the report of the supervisory board: sex or, if desired by the person concerned, gender identity; age; nationality; principal position (if appropriate); other positions, insofar as they are relevant to the performance of the duties of the supervisory board member; date of initial appointment; and vii. current term of office. 	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See chapter 5.1.4 of the Annual Report

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
 2.1.3 Executive committee If the management board works with an executive committee, the management board should take account of the checks and balances that are part of the two-tier system. This means, among other things, that the management board's expertise and responsibilities are safeguarded and the supervisory board is informed adequately. The supervisory board should supervise this while paying specific attention to the dynamics and the relationship between the management board and the executive committee. In the management report, account should be rendered of: i. the choice to work with an executive committee; ii. the role, duty and composition of the executive committee; and iii. how the contacts between the supervisory board and the executive committee have been given shape. 	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See: - chapter 5.1 of the Annual Report; and - <u>www.asrnl.com</u> under Gover- nance and Organisation.
2.1.4 Expertise Each supervisory board member and each management board member should have the specific expertise required for the fulfilment of his duties. Each supervisory board member should be capable of assessing the broad outline of the overall management.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	 See: article 2.3 of the SB Rules; and chapter 5.1.3 and 5.1.4. of the Annual Report. The members of the EB and SB are also reviewed by DNB for suitability and reliability.
2.1.5 Policy on Diversity and Inclusion (D&I policy) The company should have a D&I policy for the enterprise. The D&I policy should in any case set specific, appropriate and ambitious targets in order to achieve a good balance in gender diversity and the other D&I aspects of relevance to the company with regard to the composition of the management board, the supervisory board, the executive committee (if any) and a category of employees in manage- rial positions ("senior management") to be determined by the management board. The supervisory board should adopt the D&I policy for the composition of the manage- ment board and the supervisory board. The management board should adopt the D&I policy for the executive committee (if applica- ble), the senior management and for the rest of the workforce with the prior approval of the supervisory board.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See the Diversity, Equity and Inclusion Policy on <u>www.asrnl.con</u> under Policy and Guidelines.

		C
Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
 2.1.6 Reporting on the D&I policy The corporate governance statement should explain the D&I policy and the way in which it is implemented in practice. This includes the following information: the goals of the D&I polic; the plan to achieve the goals of the D&I policy; iii. the results of the policy in the past financial year and – where relevant and applicable – insight into the inflow, progression and retention of employees; and the gender composition of the management board, the supervisory board, the executive committee (if any) and senior management at the end of the past financial year. If one or more goals for the composition of the management at the supervisory board, the explanation of the reasons should be included in the corporate governance statement, along with an explanation as to which measures are being taken to attain the goals, and by when this is likely to be achieved. 	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See chapter 5.1.5 of the Annual Report.
 2.1.7 Independence of the supervisory board The composition of the supervisory board is such that the members are able to operate independently and critically vis-à-vis one another, the management board and any particular interests involved. In order to safeguard its independence, the supervisory board is composed in accordance with the following criteria: any one of the criteria referred to in best practice provision 2.1.8, sections i to v inclusive should be applicable to at most one supervisory board member; the total number of supervisory board member; the total number of supervisory board members to whom the criteria referred to in best practice provision 2.1.8 are applicable should account for less than half of the total number of supervisory board members; and for each shareholder or group of affiliated shareholders directly or indirectly holding more than 10 per cent of the shares in the company, there is at most one supervisory board member who can be considered to be affiliated with or representing them as stipulated in best practice provision 2.1.8, sections vi and vii. 	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See: - article 2.3 of the SB rules; and - chapter 5.1.4 of the Annual Report.

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В	est practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
2	.1.8 Independence of supervisory board	ASR Nederland applies this best	Each SB member fills in a declara-
	nembers	practice provision.	tion of independence each year.
S	upervisory board members are not indepen-		Currently six SB members are
d	ent if they or their spouse, registered partner		independent and one SB member
0	r life companion, foster child or relative by		(Lard Friese) is not independent
b	lood or marriage up to the second degree:		(based on section vii).
i.	has been an employee or member of the		
	management board of the company or an		
	issuing institution associated with the		
	company as referred to in Section 5:48 of		
	the Financial Supervision Act (Wet op het		
	financieel toezicht, Wft) in the five years		
	prior to the appointment;		
ii	receives personal financial compensation		
	from the company, or an entity associated		
	with it, other than the compensation		
	received for the work performed as a		
	supervisory board member and insofar as		
	this is not in keeping with the normal		
	course of business;		
ii	i. has had an important business relations-		
	hip with the company or an entity associa-		
	ted with it in the year prior to the appoint-		
	ment. This includes in any event the case		
	where the supervisory board member, or		
	the firm of which he is a shareholder,		
	partner, associate or advisor, has acted as		
	advisor to the company (consultant,		
	external auditor, civil notary or lawyer) and		
	the case where the supervisory board		
	member has been a management board		
	member or an employee of a bank with		
	which the company has a lasting and		
	significant relationship;		
iv	5		
	a company in which a member of the		
	management board of the company which		
	he supervises is a supervisory board		
	member;		
V			
	duties during the previous twelve months		
	in the absence or incapacity of manage- ment board members;		
	ment board members,		

 Best practice provision vi. has a shareholding in the company of at least 10 per cent, taking into account the shareholding of natural persons or legal entities collaborating with him on the basis of an express or tacit verbal or written agreement; vii. is a member of the management board or supervisory board – or is a representative in some other way – of a legal entity which directly or indirectly holds at least 10 per cent of the shares in the company, unless 	Application ASR Nederland	Source
the entity is a group company. 2.1.9 Independence of the chairman of the supervisory board The chairman of the supervisory board should not be a former member of the management board of the company and should be inde- pendent within the meaning of best practice provision 2.1.8.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	The chairman is not a former member of the MB and submits, a declaration of independence each year.
2.1.10 Accountability regarding supervisory board member independence The report of the supervisory board should state that, in the opinion of the supervisory board, the independence requirements referred to in best practice provisions 2.1.7 to 2.1.9 inclusive have been fulfilled and, if applicable, should also state which supervi- sory board member (or members), if any, it does not consider to be independent.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See chapter 5.1.4 of the Annual Report.

Principle 2.2 Appointment, succession and evaluation

The supervisory board should ensure that a formal and transparent procedure is in place for the appointment and reappointment of management board and supervisory board members, as well as a sound plan for the succession of management board and supervisory board members, in accordance with the D&I policy. The functioning of the management board and the supervisory board as a collective and the functioning of individual members should be evaluated on a regular basis.

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
2.2.1 Appointment and reappointment periods – management board members A management board member is appointed for a maximum period of four years. A member may be reappointed for a term of not more than four years at a time, which reap- pointment should be prepared in a timely fashion. The D&I objectives from best practice provision 2.1.5 should be considered in the preparation of the appointment or reappoint- ment.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See article 17.1 of the Articles of Association.

Best practice provision 2.2.2 Appointment and reappointment periods – supervisory board members A supervisory board member is appointed for a period of four years and may then be reappointed once for another four-year period. The supervisory board member may then be reappointed again for a period of two years, which appointment may be extended by at most two years. In the event of reap- pointment after an eight-year period, reasons should be given in the report of the supervi-	Application ASR Nederland ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	Source See article 22.4 of the Articles of Association.
sory board. At any appointment or reappoint- ment, the profile referred to in best practice provision 2.1.1 should be observed.		
2.2.3 Early retirement A member of the supervisory board or the ma- nagement board should retire early in the event of inadequate performance, structural incompatibility of interests, and in other instances in which this is deemed necessary by the supervisory board. In the event of the early retirement of a member of the manage- ment board or the supervisory board, the company should issue a press release mentio- ning the reasons for the departure.	ASR Nederland shall apply this best practice provision, if applica- ble.	
2.2.4 Succession The supervisory board should ensure that the company has a sound plan in place for the succession of management board and supervisory board members that is aimed at retaining the balance in the requisite expertise, experience and diversity. Due regard should be given to the profile referred to in best practice provision 2.1.1 in drawing up the plan for supervisory board members. The supervisory board should also draw up a retirement schedule in order to avoid, as much as possible, supervisory board members retiring simultaneously. The retirement schedule should be published on the company's website.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See the retirement schedule of the SB on <u>www.asrnl.com</u> under Corporate Governance.

 Best practice provision 2.2.5 Duties of the selection and appointment committee The selection and appointment committee should prepare the supervisory board's decision-making and report to the supervisory board on its deliberations and findings. The selection and appointment committee should in any event focus on: drawing up selection criteria and appointment procedures for management board members and supervisory board members; periodically assessing the size and composition of the management board and the supervisory board, and making a proposal for a composition profile of the supervisory board; periodically assessing the functioning of individual management board members and supervisory board; drawing up a plan for the succession of management board members; w. drawing up a plan for the succession of management board members; w. making proposals for appointments and reappointments; and supervising the policy of the management board regarding the selection criteria and appointment procedures for senior management. 	Application ASR Nederland ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	Source See the Rules of Procedure of the Nomination and ESG Committee, in Annex B of the SB Rules ('the NomCo Rules').
 2.2.6 Evaluation by the supervisory board At least once per year, outside the presence of the management board, the supervisory board should evaluate its own functioning, the functioning of the various committees of the supervisory board and that of the individual supervisory board members, and discuss the conclusions of this evaluation. In doing so, attention should be paid to: substantive aspects, conduct and culture, the mutual interaction and collaboration, and the interaction with the management board; events that occurred in practice from which lessons may be learned; and the desired profile, composition, compe- tencies and expertise of the supervisory board. The evaluation should take place periodically under the supervision of an external expert.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See: - article 1.2(u) of the SB Rules; and - chapter 5.1.4 of the Annual Report.

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
2.2.7 Evaluation of the management board At least once per year, outside the presence of the management board, the supervisory board should evaluate both the functioning of the management board as a whole and that of the individual management board members, and should discuss the conclusions that must be attached to the evaluation, such also in light of the succession of management board members. At least once annually, the manage- ment board should also evaluate its own functioning as a whole and that of the individual management board members.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	 See: article 1.2(u) of the SB Rules; and article 1.7 of the EB and MB Rules; and chapter 5.1.3 of the Annual Report.
 2.2.8 Evaluation accountability The supervisory board's report should state: how the evaluation of the supervisory board, the various committees and the individual supervisory board members has been carried out; how the evaluation of the management board and the individual management board members has been carried out; the main findings and conclusions of the evaluations; and what has been or will be done with the conclusions from the evaluations. 	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See chapters 5.1.3 and 5.1.4 of the Annual Report.

Principle 2.3 Organisation of the supervisory board and reports

The supervisory board should ensure that it functions effectively. The supervisory board should establish committees to prepare the supervisory board's decision-making. The foregoing does not affect the responsibility of the supervisory board as an organ and of the individual members of the supervisory board for obtaining information and forming an independent opinion.

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
2.3.1 Supervisory board's terms of reference The division of duties within the supervisory board and the procedures of the supervisory board should be laid down in terms of reference. The supervisory board's terms of reference should include a paragraph dealing with its relations with the management board, the general meeting, the employee participa- tion body (if any) and the executive committee (if any). The terms of reference should be posted on the company's website.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See the SB Rules.

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
2.3.2 Establishment of committees If the supervisory board consists of more than four members, it should appoint from among its members an audit committee, a remunera- tion committee and a selection and appoint- ment committee. Without prejudice to the collegiate responsibility of the supervisory board, the duty of these committees is to prepare the decision-making of the supervi- sory board. If the supervisory board decides not to establish an audit committee, a remuneration committee or a selection and appointment committee, the best practice provisions applicable to such committees should apply to the entire supervisory board.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See the SB Rules.
2.3.3 Committees' terms of reference The supervisory board should draw up terms of reference for the audit committee, the remuneration committee and the selection and appointment committee. The terms of reference should indicate the role and responsibility of the committee concerned, its composition and the manner in which it discharges its duties. The terms of reference should be posted on the company's website.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See Annexes A, B, and C of the SB Rules.
2.3.4 Composition of the committees The audit committee or the remuneration committee should not be chaired by the chairman of the supervisory board or by a former member of the management board of the company. More than half of the members of the committees should be independent within the meaning of best practice provision 2.1.8.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See the profile of the members of the SB on <u>www.asrnl.com</u> under Governance and Organisation.
2.3.5 Committee reports The supervisory board should receive from each of the committees a report of their deliberations and findings. In the report of the supervisory board it should comment on how the duties of the committees were carried out in the financial year. In this report, the compo- sition of the committees, the number of committee meetings and the main items discussed at the meetings should be menti- oned.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See chapter 5.2.2 of the Annual Report.

Post practico provision	Appliantion ASP Noderland	Source
Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	
 2.3.6 Chairman of the supervisory board The chairman of the supervisory board should in any case ensure that: i. the supervisory board has proper contact with the management board, the employ- ee participation body (if any) and the general meeting; ii. the supervisory board elects a vice-chair- 	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	 See: article 3.2 of the SB Rules; and chapter 5.1.4 of the Annual Report. Gerard van Olphen was appoin- ted as Vice-chairman of the SB in May 2024, he succeeded Herman Hintzen, who resigned as SB
man; iii. there is sufficient time for deliberation and decision-making by the supervisory board;		member at the AGM 2024
iv. the supervisory board members receive all information that is necessary for the proper performance of their duties in a timely fashion;		
v. the supervisory board and its committees function properly;vi. the functioning of individual management		
board members and supervisory board members is assessed at least annually;		
vii. the supervisory board members and management board members follow their induction programme;		
viii. the supervisory board members and management board members follow their education or training programme;		
ix. the management board performs activi- ties in respect of culture;		
 x. the supervisory board recognises signs from the enterprise affiliated with the company and ensures that any actual or suspected material misconduct and irregularities are reported to the supervi- sory board without delay; 		
xi. the general meeting proceeds in an orderly and efficient manner;xii. effective communication with sharehol-		
ders is assured; and xiii. the supervisory board is involved closely, and at an early stage, in any merger or acquisition processes. The chairman of the supervisory board should consult regularly with the chairman of the		
management board. 2.3.7 Vice-chairman of the supervisory board The vice-chairman of the supervisory board should deputise for the chairman when the occasion arises.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision	Gerard van Olphen was appoin- ted as vice-chairman of the SB in May 2024, he succeeded Herman Hintzen, who resigned as SB member at the AGM 2024.

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
2.3.8 Delegated supervisory board member A delegated supervisory board member is a supervisory board member who has a special duty. The delegation must not extend beyond the duties of the supervisory board itself and must not include the management of the company. Its purpose is more intensive supervision and advice and more regular consultation with the management board. The delegation should only be of a temporary nature. The delegation must not detract from the duties and powers of the supervisory board. The delegated supervisory board member continues to be a member of the supervisory board and should report regularly on the execution of his special duty to the ple- nary supervisory board.	ASR Nederland shall apply this best practice provision, if applica- ble.	This did not occur in 2024.
2.3.9 Temporary management board function of a supervisory board member A supervisory board member who temporarily takes on the management of the company, where the management board members are absent or unable to fulfil their duties, should resign from the supervisory board.	ASR Nederland shall apply this best practice provision, if applica- ble.	This did not occur in 2024.
 2.3.10 Company secretary The supervisory board should be supported by the company secretary. The secretary: should ensure that the proper procedures are followed and that the statutory obligations and obligations under the articles of association are complied with; should facilitate the provision of informa- tion of the management board and the supervisory board; and should support the chairman of the supervisory board in the organisation of the affairs of the supervisory board, including the provision of information, meeting agendas, evaluations and training programmes. The company secretary should, either on the initiative of the supervisory board or other- wise, be appointed and dismissed by the management board, after the approval of the supervisory board and notes that the interests of the management board and the supervisory board diverge, as a result of which it is unclear which interests the secretary should represent, the secretary should report this to the chairman of the supervisory board. 	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	Diane de Groot was appointed as Company Secretary in April 2016. As of December 2024 she has been succeeded as Company Secretary by Caroline Janssen.

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
2.3.11 Report of the supervisory board The annual statements of the company include a report by the supervisory board. In this report, the supervisory board should render account of the supervision conducted in the past financial year, reporting in any event on the items referred to in best practice provisions 1.1.3, 2.1.2, 2.1.10, 2.2.8, 2.3.5 and 2.4.4 and, if applicable, the items referred to in best practice provisions 1.3.6 and 2.2.2.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See chapter 5.2 of the Annual Report.

Principle 2.4 Decision-making and functioning

The management board and the supervisory board should ensure that decisions are made in a balanced and effective manner while taking account of the interests of stakeholders. The management board should ensure that information is provided in a timely and sound manner. The management board and the supervisory board should keep their knowledge and skills up to date and devote sufficient time to their duties and responsibilities. They should ensure that, in performing their duties, they have the information that is required for effective decision-making.

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
2.4.1 Stimulating openness and accountabi- lity The management board and the supervisory board are each responsible for stimulating openness and accountability within the body of which they form part, and between the different bodies within the company.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	 See: article 1.7 of the EB and MB rules; and article 1.1 of the SB rules.
2.4.2 Other positions Management board members and supervisory board members should report any other positions they may hold to the supervisory board in advance and, at least annually, the other positions should be discussed at the supervisory board meeting. The acceptance of membership of a supervisory board by a management board member requires the approval of the supervisory board.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	 See: article 1.5 of the EB and MB Rules; and article 2.5 of the SB Rules. Other positions are discussed annually in the December meeting of the SB.
2.4.3 Point of contact for the functioning of supervisory board and management board members The chairman of the supervisory board should act on behalf of the supervisory board as the main contact for the management board, supervisory board members and shareholders regarding the functioning of management board members and supervisory board members. The vice-chairman should act as a contact for individual supervisory board members and management board members regarding the functioning of the chairman.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See articles 3.2 and 3.3 of the SB Rules.

Post practico provision	Application ACP Noderland	Source
Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
2.4.4 Attendance at supervisory board meetings Supervisory board members should attend supervisory board meetings and the meetings of the committees of which they are a part. If supervisory board members are frequently absent from these meetings, they should be held to account on this. The report of the supervisory board should state the absentee- ism rate from supervisory board and commit- tee meetings of each supervisory board member.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision	See: - articles 1.4 and 8.2 of the SB Rules; and - chapter 5.1 of the Annual Report
2.4.5 Induction programme for supervisory board members All supervisory board members should follow an induction programme geared to their role. The induction programme should in any event cover general financial, social and legal affairs, financial and sustainability reporting by the company, any specific aspects that are unique to the relevant company and its business activities, the company culture and the relationship with the employee participation body (if any), and the responsibilities of a supervisory board member.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See articles 3.2(g) and 5.5 of the SB Rules.
2.4.6 Development The management board and the supervisory board should each conduct an annual review for their own body to identify any aspects with regard to which the supervisory board members and management board members require training or education.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	 See: article 1.5 of the SB Rules and 1.6 of the EB and MB rules; and chapters 5.1.3 and 5.1.4 of the Annual Report.
2.4.7 Information safeguards The management board should ensure that internal procedures are established and maintained which safeguard that all relevant information is known to management board and the supervisory board in a timely fashion. The supervisory board should supervise the establishment and implementation of these procedures.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See: - article 3.5(k) of the EB and MB Rules; and - article 1.2(t) of the SB Rules.
2.4.8 Supervisory board members' responsi- bility for obtaining information The supervisory board and each individual supervisory board member have their own responsibility for obtaining the information from the management board, the internal audit function, the external auditor and the employee participation body (if any) that the supervisory board needs in order to be able to carry out its duties properly as a supervisory body.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See articles 1.2(t), 1.7 and 3.2(d) of the SB Rules.

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
2.4.9 Obtaining information from officers and external parties If the supervisory board considers it necessary, it may obtain information from officers and external advisors of the company. The company should provide the necessary means to this end. The supervisory board may require that certain officers and external advisors attend its meetings.		See articles 1.2(t), 1.7 and 3.2(d) of the SB Rules.

Principle 2.5 Culture

The management board is responsible for creating a culture aimed at sustainable long-term value creation for the company and its affiliated enterprise. The supervisory board should supervise the activities of the management board in this regard.

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
 Dest practice provision 2.5.1 Management board's responsibility for culture The management board should adopt values for the company and its affiliated enterprise that contribute to a culture focused on sustainable long-term value creation, and discuss these with the supervisory board. The management board is responsible for the incorporation and maintenance of these values within the company and its affiliated enterprise. The management board should encourage behaviour that is in keeping with the values and propagates these values through leading by example. Attention must be paid to the following, among other things: i. the strategy and the business model; ii. the environment in which the enterprise, and whether it is desirable to implement any changes in this; and iv. the social safety within the enterprise and the ability to discuss and report actual or suspected misconduct or irregularities 	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	Source See: - article 3.5 of the EB and MB Rules; and - chapter 2.1 of the Annual Report.
2.5.2 Code of conduct The management board should draw up a code of conduct and monitor its effectiveness and compliance with this code, on the part of both itself and the employees of the company. The management board should inform the supervisory board of its findings and observa- tions with regard to the effectiveness of and compliance with the code. The code of conduct should be posted on the company's website.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See the Code of conduct on <u>www.asrnl.com</u> under Policy and Guidelines.

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
 2.5.3 Employee participation If the company has established an employee participation body, the following should also be discussed in the consultations between the management board, the supervisory board and such employee participation body: i. the conduct and culture in the company and its affiliated enterprise; ii. the values adopted by the management board on the basis of best practice provision 2.5.1, and iii. the company's D&I policy. 	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	These items are discussed at least once a year in a meeting between the Works Council and relevant EB and SB members.
 2.5.4 Reporting on culture In the management report, the management board should provide explanatory notes on: i. the culture within the enterprise, and whether it is desirable to implement any changes in this; ii. how the culture, the underlying values and conduct promoted within the enterprise contribute to sustainable long-term value creation and, if it is considered desirable to amend these, which initiatives are taken to further increase this contribution; and iii. the effectiveness of, and compliance with, the code of conduct. 	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See chapters 2.1 and 3 of the Annual Report.

Principle 2.6 Misconduct and irregularities

The management board and the supervisory board should be alert to signs of actual or suspected misconduct or irregularities. The management board should establish a procedure for reporting actual or suspected misconduct or irregularities, and take appropriate follow-up action on the basis of these reports. The supervisory board monitors the management board in this regard.

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
2.6.1 Procedure for reporting actual or suspected misconduct or irregularities The management board should establish a procedure for reporting actual or suspected misconduct or irregularities within the company and its affiliated enterprise. The procedure should be posted on the compa- ny's website. The management board should ensure that employees have the opportunity to file such a report without jeopardising their legal position.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See the Whistleblowing proce- dure on <u>www.asrnl.com</u> under Policy and Guidelines.

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
2.6.2 Informing the chairman of the supervi- sory board The management board should inform the chairman of the supervisory board without delay of any signs of actual or suspected material misconduct or irregularities within the company and its affiliated enterprise. If the actual or suspected misconduct or irregularity pertains to the functioning of a management board member, employees can report this directly to the chairman of the supervisory board.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See articles 2.4 and 6 of the Whistleblowing procedure.
2.6.3 Notification by the external auditor The external auditor should inform the management board and the chairman of the audit committee without delay if, during the performance of his duties, he discovers or suspects an instance of misconduct or irregularity. If the actual or suspected miscon- duct or irregularity pertains to the functioning of one or more management board members, the external auditor should report this directly to the chairman of the supervisory board.	ASR Nederland has taken note of this best practice provision.	
2.6.4 Notification by the internal audit function The internal audit function should inform the management board and the chairman of the audit committee without delay if, during the performance of his duties, he discovers or suspects an instance of material misconduct or irregularity. If the actual or suspected material misconduct or irregularity pertains to the functioning of one or more management board members, the internal audit function should report this to the chairman of the supervisory board.	ASR Nederland will apply this best practice provision, if applica- ble.	
2.6.5 Oversight by the supervisory board The supervisory board monitors the operation of the procedure for reporting actual or suspected misconduct or irregularities, appropriate and independent investigations into signs of misconduct or irregularities, and, if an instance of misconduct or irregularity has been discovered, an adequate follow-up of any recommendations for remedial actions. In order to safeguard the independence of the investigation in cases where the manage- ment board itself is involved, the supervisory board should have the option of initiating its own investigation into any signs of miscon- duct or irregularities and to coordinate this investigation.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See: - article 1.2(s) of the SB Rules; and - articles 2.4 and 6 of the Whist- leblowing procedure.

Principle 2.7 Preventing conflicts of interest

Any form of conflict of interest between the company and the members of its management board or supervisory board should be prevented. To avoid conflicts of interest, adequate measures should be taken. The supervisory board is responsible for the decision-making on dealing with conflicts of interest regarding management board members, supervisory board members and majority shareholders in relation to the company.

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
 2.7.1 Preventing conflicts of interest Management board members and supervisory board members are alert to conflicts of interest and should in any case refrain from the following: competing with the company; demanding or accepting substantial gifts from the company for themselves or their spouse, registered partner or other life companion, foster child or relative by blood or marriage up to the second degree; 	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See: - article 10 of the SB Rules; and - article 14 of the EB and MB Rules.
 iii. providing unjustified advantages to third parties at the company's expense; iv. taking advantage of business opportunities to which the company is entitled for 		
themselves or for their spouse, registered partner or other life companion, foster child or relative by blood or marriage up to the second degree.		
2.7.2 Terms of reference The terms of reference of the supervisory board should contain rules on dealing with conflicts of interest, including conflicting interests between management board members and supervisory board members on the one hand and the company on the other. The terms of reference should also stipulate which transactions require the approval of the supervisory board. The company should draw up regulations governing ownership of, and transactions in, securities by management or supervisory board members, other than securities issued, by the company.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See article 10 of the SB Rules.

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
2.7.3 Reporting	ASR Nederland applies this best	See:
A conflict of interest may exist if the company	practice provision	- article 14 of the EB and MB
intends to enter into a transaction with a legal		Rules; and
entity:		- article 10 of the SB Rules.
i. in which a member of the management		
board or the supervisory board personally		
has a material financial interest; or		
ii. which has a member of its management		
board or supervisory board who is related		
under family law to a member of the		
management board or the supervisory		
board of the company.		
A management board member should report		
any potential conflict of interest in a transac-		
tion that is of material significance to the		
company and/or to such management board		
member to the chairman of the supervisory		
board and to the other members of the		
management board without delay. The		
management board member should provide		
all relevant information on this subject,		
including information relevant to the situation		
regarding his spouse, registered partner or		
life companion, foster child or relative by		
blood or marriage up to the second degree.		
A supervisory board member should report		
any potential conflict of interest in a transac-		
tion that is of material significance to the		
company and/or to such supervisory board		
member to the chairman of the supervisory		
board without delay and provide all relevant		
information on this subject, including informa-		
tion relevant to the situation regarding his		
spouse, registered partner or life companion,		
foster child or relative by blood or marriage		
up to the second degree. If the chairman of		
the supervisory board has a potential conflict		
of interest, he must report this to the vice-		
chairman of the supervisory board without		
delay.		
The supervisory board should decide, outside		
the presence of the management board		
member or supervisory board member		

member or supervisory board member concerned, whether there is a conflict of interest.

Best practice provision	Application ASB Nederland	Source
Best practice provision 2.7.4 Accountability regarding transactions: management board and supervisory board members All transactions in which there are conflicts of interest with management board members or supervisory board members should be agreed on terms that are customary in the market. Decisions to enter into transactions in which there are conflicts of interest with manage- ment board members or supervisory board members that are of material significance to the company and/or to the relevant manage- ment board members or supervisory board members should require the approval of the supervisory board. Such transactions should be published in the management report, together with a statement of the conflict of interest and a declaration that best practice provisions 2.7.3 and 2.7.4 have been complied with.	Application ASR Nederland ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	Source See chapter 5.1.4 of the Annual Report.
2.7.5 Accountability regarding transactions: majority shareholders All transactions between the company and legal or natural persons who hold at least ten per cent of the shares in the company should be agreed on terms that are customary in the market. Decisions to enter into transactions with such persons that are of material signifi- cance to the company and/or to such persons should require the approval of the supervisory board. Such transactions should be published in the management report, together with a declaration that best practice provision 2.7.5 has been complied with.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	 ASR Nederland and Aegon N.V. entered into a relationship agreement pursuant to which they agreed on certain governance arrangements relating to ASR Nederland. See: the convocation of the January 2023 EGM; and article 12 of the EB and MB Rules; and article 9.6 of the SB Rules; and chapter 5.1.2 of the Annual Report.
2.7.6 Personal loans The company should not grant its management board members and supervisory board members any personal loans, guarantees or the like unless in the normal course of business and on terms applicable to the personnel as a whole, and after approval of the supervisory board. Loans should not be forgiven.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See chapters 5.3.3 and 5.3.4 of the Annual Report (there are no such personal loans, guarantees or the like).

Principle 2.8 Takeover situations

In the event of a takeover bid for the company's shares, or for the depositary receipts for the company's shares, if it concerns a private bid for a business unit or a participating interest, where the value of the bid exceeds the threshold referred to in Article 2:107a(1)(c) of the Dutch Civil Code, and/or involves other substantial changes in the structure of the company, both the management board and the supervisory board should ensure that the stakeholder interests concerned are carefully weighed and any conflict of interest for supervisory board members or management board members is avoided. The management board and the supervisory board should be guided in their actions by the interests of the company and its affiliated enterprise.

Best practice provision 2.8.1 Supervisory board involvement When a takeover bid for the company's shares or for the depositary receipts for the com- pany's shares is being prepared, in the event of a private bid for a business unit or a participating interest, where the value of the bid exceeds the threshold referred to in Article 2:107a(1)(c) of the Dutch Civil Code, and/or in the event of other substantial	Application ASR Nederland ASR Nederland shall apply this best practice provision, if applica- ble.	Source
changes in the structure of the company, the management board should ensure that the supervisory board is involved in the takeover process and/or the change in the structure closely and in a timely fashion.	ASP Nederland shall apply this	
2.8.2 Informing the supervisory board about a request for inspection by a competing bidder If a takeover bid has been announced for the shares, or depositary receipts for shares, in the company, and the management board receives a request from a competing bidder to inspect the company's records, the manage- ment board should discuss this request with the supervisory board without delay.	ASR Nederland shall apply this best practice provision, if applica- ble.	
2.8.3 Management board's position on a private bid If a private bid for a business unit or a partici- pating interest has been made public, where the value of the bid exceeds the threshold referred to in Article 2:107a(1)(c) of the Dutch Civil Code, the management board of the company should as soon as possible make public its position on the bid and the reasons for this position.	ASR Nederland shall apply this best practice provision, if applica- ble.	

Chapter 3. Remuneration

Principle 3.1 Remuneration policy – management board

The remuneration policy applicable to management board members should be clear and easy to understand, should focus on sustainable long-term value creation for the company and its affiliated enterprise, and take into account the internal pay ratios within the enterprise. The remuneration policy should not encourage management board members to act in their own interest, nor to take risks that are not in keeping with the strategy formulated and the risk appetite that has been established. The supervisory board is responsible for formulating the remuneration policy and its implementation.

Best practice provision 3.1.1 Remuneration policy proposal The remuneration committee should submit a clear and understandable proposal to the supervisory board concerning the remunera- tion policy to be pursued with regard to the management board. The supervisory board should present the policy to the general meeting for adoption.	Application ASR Nederland ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	Source See: - article 1.2(b) of the Rules of Procedure of the Remuneration Committee in Annex C of the SB Rules '(the RemCo Rules'); and - the convocation of the 2023 AGM.
 3.1.2 Remuneration policy The following aspects should in any event be taken into consideration when formulating the remuneration policy: the objectives of the strategy for the implementation of sustainable long-term value creation within the meaning of best practice provision 1.1.1; the scenario analyses carried out in advance; the pay ratios within the company and its affiliated enterprise; the development of the market price of the shares; an appropriate ratio between the variable and fixed remuneration components. The variable remuneration component is linked to measurable performance criteria determined in advance, which are predominantly long-term in character; if shares are being awarded, the terms and conditions governing this. Shares should be held for at least five years after they are awarded; and if share options can be exercised. In any case, share options cannot be exercised during the first three years after they are awarded. 	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See: - article 1.2 of the RemCo Rules; and - a.s.r.'s remuneration policy on asrnl.com under Rules and Procedures; and - the convocation of the 2023 AGM; and - chapter 5.3 of the Annual Report.

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
3.1.3 Remuneration – executive committee If the management board has an executive committee, the management board should inform the supervisory board about the remuneration of the members of the executive committee who are not management board members. The management board should discuss this remuneration with the supervisory board annually.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See article 1.2 of the RemCo Rules.

Principle 3.2 Determination of management board remuneration

The supervisory board should determine the remuneration of the individual members of the management board, within the limits of the remuneration policy adopted by the general meeting. The remuneration committee should prepare the supervisory board's decision-making regarding the determination of remuneration. Inadequate performance of duties should not be rewarded.

Best practice provision 3.2.1 Remuneration committee's proposal The remuneration committee should submit a proposal to the supervisory board concerning the remuneration of individual members of the management board. The proposal is drawn up in accordance with the remuneration policy that has been established and will, in any event, cover the remuneration structure, the amount of the fixed and variable remune- ration components, the performance criteria used, the scenario analyses that are carried out and the pay ratios within the company and its affiliated extension	Application ASR Nederland ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	Source See article 1.2(c) of the RemCo Rules.
its affiliated enterprise. 3.2.2 Management board members' views on their own remuneration When drafting the proposal for the remunera- tion of management board members, the remuneration committee should take note of individual management board members' views with regard to the amount and structure of their own remuneration. The remuneration committee should ask the members of the management board to pay attention to the aspects referred to in best practice provision 3.1.2.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See article 1.2(c) of the RemCo Rules.
3.2.3 Severance payments The remuneration in the event of dismissal should not exceed one year's salary (the 'fixed' remuneration component). Severance pay will not be awarded if the agreement is termina- ted early at the initiative of the management board member, or in the event of seriously culpable or negligent behaviour on the part of the management board member.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See: - the remuneration policy; and - chapter 5.3 of the Annual Report.

Principle 3.3 Remuneration – supervisory board

The supervisory board should submit a clear and understandable proposal for its own appropriate remuneration to the general meeting. The remuneration of supervisory board members should promote an adequate performance of their role and should not be dependent on the results of the company.

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
3.3.1 Time spent and responsibility The remuneration of the supervisory board members should reflect the time spent and the responsibilities of their role.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	 See: article 6.1 of the SB Rules; and article 2.4.2.2 of the remuneration policy; and the convocation for the 2023 AGM; and chapter 5.3 of the Annual Report.
3.3.2 Remuneration of supervisory board members Supervisory board members must not be awarded remuneration in the form of shares and/or rights to shares.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See: - articles 6.2 and 12.1 of the SB Rules; and - chapter 5.3 of the Annual Report.
3.3.3 Share ownership Shares held by a supervisory board member in the company on whose supervisory board they serve should be long-term investments.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	 No SB members have a.s.r. shares. See also: the CV published with the convocation for the AGM/EGM at which the SB-member is (re) appointed and chapter 5.3.4. of the Annual Report.

Principle 3.4 Accountability for implementation of remuneration policy

In the remuneration report, the supervisory board should render account of the implementation of the remuneration policy in a transparent manner. The report should be published on the company's website.

D	Application ASR Nederland	Source
Best practice provision 3.4.1 Remuneration report The remuneration committee should prepare the remuneration report. This report should in any event describe, in a transparent manner, in addition to the matters required by law: i. how the remuneration policy has been	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision	See the remuneration report in chapter 5.3 of the Annual Report: - I: chapters 5.3.2, 5.3.3. and 5.3.4. - II: chapter 5.3.2, four perspecti- ves as basis for the policy.
 implemented in the past financial year; ii. how implementation of the remuneration policy contributes to sustainable long- term value creation; 		 III: chapter 5.3. IV: chapter 5.3.2. V: a.s.r. does not have a variable remuneration scheme for the
iii. how scenario analyses have been taken into consideration;		EB or MB. - VI: no current or former board
iv. the pay ratios within the company and its affiliated enterprise and, if applicable, any changes in these ratios compared to at least five previous financial years;		member receives a severance payment.
v. in the event a management board member receives variable remuneration, how this remuneration contributes to sustainable long-term value creation, the measurable performance criteria deter- mined in advance on which the variable remuneration depends, and the relations- hip between the remuneration and performance; and		
 vi. in the event that a current or former management board member receives a severance payment, the reason for this payment. 		
3.4.2 Agreement of management board	ASR Nederland applies this best	See the CV published with the
member The main elements of the agreement of a management board member with the com- pany should be published on the company's website in a transparent overview after the agreement has been concluded, and in any event no later than the date of the notice calling the general meeting at which the appointment of the management board member will be proposed.	practice provision.	convocation for the AGM/EGM at which the EB-member is (re) appointed.

Chapter 4. The General Meeting

Principle 4.1 The general meeting

The remuneration policy applicable to management board members should be clear and understandable, should focus on long-term value creation for the company and its affiliated enterprise, and take into account the internal pay ratios within the enterprise. The remuneration policy should not encourage management board members to act in their own interest, nor to take risks that are not in keeping with the strategy formulated and the risk appetite that has been established. The supervisory board is responsible for formulating the remuneration policy and its implementation.

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Best practice provision4.1.1 Supervisory board supervisionThe supervisory board's supervision of the management board should include the supervision of relations with shareholders.	Application ASR Nederland ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	Source See article 1.2(a) of the SB Rules.
4.1.2 Proper conduct of business at meetings The chairman of the general meeting is responsible for ensuring the proper conduct of business at meetings in order to promote a meaningful discussion at the meeting.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See: - article 28 of the Articles of Association; and - article 3.2(k) of the SB Rules.
 4.1.3 Agenda The agenda of the general meeting should list which items are up for discussion and which items are to be voted on. The following items should be dealt with as separate agenda items: material changes to the articles of association; proposals relating to the appointment of management board and supervisory board members; the policy of the company on additions to reserves and on dividends (the level and purpose of the addition to reserves, the amount of the dividend and the type of dividend); any proposal to pay out dividend; resolutions to approve the management board (discharge of management board members from liability); resolutions to approve the supervision exercised by the supervisory board members from liability); any substantial change in the corporate 	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See for example the convocation for the 2021, 2022, 2023 and 2024 AGMs on <u>www.asrnl.com</u> .
governance structure of the company and in the compliance with this Code; and viii. the appointment of the external auditor.		

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
4.1.4 Proposal for approval or authorisation A proposal for approval or authorisation by the general meeting should be explained in writing. In its explanation the management board should deal with all facts and circums- tances relevant to the approval or authorisa- tion to be granted. The notes to the agenda should be posted on the company's website.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See for example the convocation for the 2024 AGM.
 4.1.5 Shareholder's explanation when exercising the right to put items on the agenda If a shareholder has arranged for an item to be put on the agenda, he should explain this at the meeting and, if necessary, answer questions about it. 	ASR Nederland shall apply this best practice provision, if applica- ble.	See article 27.6 of the Articles of Association.
4.1.6 Placing of items on the agenda by shareholders A shareholder should only exercise the right to put items on the agenda after having consulted the management board. If one or more shareholders intend to request that an item be put on the agenda that may result in a change in the company's strategy, for example as a result of the dismissal of one or more management board or supervisory board members, the management board should be given the opportunity to stipulate a reasona- ble period in which to respond (the response time). The opportunity to stipulate the response time should also apply to an intention as referred to above for judicial leave to call a general meeting pursuant to Article 2:110 of the Dutch Civil Code. The relevant shareholder should respect the response time stipulated by the management board, within the meaning of best practice provision 4.1.7.	ASR Nederland shall apply this best practice provision, if applica- ble.	See article 27.6 of the Articles of Association.

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
 4.1.7 Stipulation of the response time If the management board stipulates a response time, it should be a reasonable period that does not exceed 180 days from the moment the management board is informed by one or more shareholders of their intention to put an item on the agenda to the day of the general meeting at which the item is to be dealt with. The management board should use the response time for further deliberation and constructive consultation, in any event with the relevant shareholder (or shareholders), and should explore the alternatives. At the end of the response time, the management board should report on this consultation and the exploration to the general meeting. This should be monitored by the supervisory board. The response time may be stipulated only once for any given general meeting and should not apply to an item in respect of which a response time or a statutory reflection period as referred to in Article 2:114b of the Dutch Civil Code has already been stipulated, or to meetings where a shareholder holds at least three-quarters of the issued capital as a consequence of a successful public bid.	ASR Nederland shall apply this best practice provision, if applica- ble.	This has not happened since the stock exchange listing of ASR Nederland.
4.1.8 Attendance of members nominated for the management board or supervisory board Management board and supervisory board members nominated for appointment should attend the general meeting at which votes will be cast on their nomination.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See <u>www.asrnl.com</u> , for example the January 2023 EGM and the 2024 AGM.
4.1.9 External auditor's attendance The external auditor may be questioned by the general meeting in relation to his report on the fairness of the financial statements. The external auditor should attend and be entitled to address the meeting for this purpose.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See for example the convocation for the 2024 AGM.
4.1.10 Report of the general meeting The report of the general meeting should be made available on request to the shareholders no later than three months after the end of the meeting, after which shareholders should have the opportunity to react to the report in the following three months. The report should then be adopted in the manner provided for in the articles of association.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See <u>www.asrnl.com</u> under Shareholders/General-Meeting.

Principle 4.2 Provision of information The management board and the supervisory board should ensure that the general meeting is adequately provided with information.

Best practice provision 4.2.1 Substantiation of invocation of overri- ding interest If the management board and the supervisory board do not provide the general meeting with all information desired with the invoca- tion of an overriding interest on the part of the company, they must give reasons for this.	Application ASR Nederland ASR Nederland shall apply this best practice provision, if applica- ble.	Source
4.2.2 Contacts and dialogue with sharehol- ders The company should formulate an outline policy on bilateral contacts with the sharehol- ders and should post this policy on its website. Shareholders and the company should be prepared to enter into a dialogue, where appropriate and at their own discretion. The company is expected to facilitate the dialogue unless, in the opinion of the ma- nagement board, this is not in the interests of the company and its affiliated enterprise. Shareholders are expected to be prepared to enter into a constructive dialogue with the company. If a shareholder enters into a dialogue with the company outside the context of a general meeting, the shareholder shall disclose his full share position (long and short and through derivatives) at the request of the company.	ASR Nederland has taken note of and applies this best practice provision.	See the Stakeholder policy on asrnl.com under Policy and Guidelines.
4.2.3 Meetings and presentations Analyst meetings, analyst presentations, presentations to institutional or other in- vestors and press conferences should be announced in advance on the company's website and by means of press releases. Analyst meetings and presentations to investors should not take place shortly before the publication of the regular financial information. All shareholders should be able to follow these meetings and presentations in real time, by means of webcasting, telephone or otherwise. After the meetings, the presen- tations should be posted on the company's website.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See <u>www.asrnl.com</u> under Investor Relations.

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
4.2.4 Posting information in a separate section of the website The company should post and update information which is relevant to the sharehol- ders and which it is required to publish or submit pursuant to the provisions of company law and securities law applicable to it in a separate section of its website.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See <u>www.asrnl.com</u> under Investor Relations.
4.2.5 Management board contacts with press and analysts The contacts between the management board on the one hand and the press and financial analysts on the other should be handled and structured carefully and with due observance of the applicable laws and regulations. The company should not do anything that might compromise the independence of analysts in relation to the company and vice versa.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See the Fair Disclosure policy on asrnl.com under Policy and Guidelines.
4.2.6 Outline of anti-takeover measures The management board should outline all existing or potential anti-takeover measures in the management report and should also indicate in what circumstances and by whom these measures may likely be used.	ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	See chapter 5.1.2 of the Annual Report.

Principle 4.3 Casting votes

Participation of as many shareholders as possible in the general meeting's decision-making is in the interest of the company's checks and balances. The company should, as far as possible, give shareholders the opportunity to vote by proxy and to communicate with all other shareholders.

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
4.3.1 Voting as deemed fit Shareholders, including institutional investors (pension funds, insurance companies, invest- ment institutions and asset managers), should exercise their voting rights on an informed basis and as they deem fit. Institutional investors that use the services of proxy advisors (i) should encourage those proxy advisors to be prepared to enter into a dialogue with the company regarding their voting policy, voting guidelines and voting recommendations, and (ii) ensure that their votes are cast in line with their own voting policy.	ASR Nederland has taken note of this best practice provision with respect to its shareholders. ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision as institutional investor.	 See: the voting policy, proxy voting dashboard; and voting report of ASR Vermogensbeheer N.V. on <u>www.asrnl.com</u> under Policy and Guidelines.

Best practice provision4.3.2 Providing voting proxies or voting instructionsThe company should give shareholders and other persons entitled to vote the possibility of issuing voting proxies or voting instructions to an independent third party prior to the general meeting.	Application ASR Nederland ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision.	Source See for example the convocation for the 2024 AGM.
4.3.3 Cancelling the binding nature of a nomination or dismissal The general meeting of shareholders of a company not having statutory two-tier status ("structuurregime") may adopt a resolution to cancel the binding nature of a nomination for the appointment of a member of the management board or of the supervisory board and/ or a resolution to dismiss a member of the management board or of the supervisory board by an absolute majority of the votes cast. It may be provided that this majority should represent a given proportion of the issued capital, which proportion must not be set higher than one-third. If this proportion of the capital is not represented at the meeting, but an absolute majority of the votes cast is in favour of a resolution to cancel the binding nature of a nomination, or to dismiss a board member, a new meeting may be convened at which the resolution may be adopted by an absolute majority of the votes cast, regardless of the proportion of the capital represented at the meeting.	Not applicable. ASR Nederland has a statutory two-tier status.	
4.3.4 Voting right on financing preference shares The voting right attaching to financing preference shares should be based on the fair value of the capital contribution.	Not applicable. ASR Nederland does not have financing prefe- rence shares.	
4.3.5 Publication of institutional investors' engagement policy Institutional investors should implement principle 4.4 when drawing up their engage- ment policy. Institutional investors should publish their engagement policy on their website.	ASR Nederland has taken note of this best practice provision with respect to its shareholders. ASR Nederland applies this best practice provision as institutional investor.	See the voting policy of ASR Vermogensbeheer N.V. on asrnl. com under Policy and Guidelines.

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
4.3.8 Share lending	ASR Nederland has taken note of	
Shareholders should recall their lent shares	this best practice provision with	
before the voting record date for a general	respect to its shareholders.	
meeting of the company if the agenda for that		
meeting includes one or more significant	ASR Nederland shall apply this	
matters.	best practice provision as instituti-	
The shareholder should determine what is	onal investor, if applicable.	
regarded as a significant matter, but this will		
include, in any event, resolutions on the		
agenda of a general meeting:		
i. that is of strategic importance;		
ii. where the shareholder disagrees with the		
resolution of the management board.		

Principle 4.4 Recognising the importance of company strategy

Shareholders, including institutional investors, recognise the importance of a strategy focused on sustainable long-term value creation for the company and its affiliated enterprise.

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
Principle 4.4 Recognising the importance of company strategy Shareholders, including institutional investors, recognise the importance of a strategy focused on sustainable long-term value creation for the company and its affiliated enterprise.	ASR Nederland has taken note of this principle with respect to its shareholders.	

Principle 4.5 Issuing depositary receipts for shares

Depositary receipts for shares can be a means of preventing a majority (including a chance majority) of shareholders from controlling the decision-making process as a result of absenteeism at a general meeting. Depositary receipts for shares should not be issued as an anti-takeover protective measure. The board of the trust office should issue voting proxies under all circumstances and without limitations to all depositary receipt holders who request this. The holders of depositary receipts so authorised can exercise the voting right at their discretion. The board of the trust office should have the confidence of the holders of depositary receipts. Depositary receipt holders should have the possibility of recommending candidates for the board of the trust office. The company should not disclose to the trust office information which has not been made public.

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
4.5.1 Trust office board	Not applicable.	
The board of the trust office should have the	ASR Nederland has not issued	
confidence of the holders of depositary	depositary receipts.	
receipts and operate independently of the		
company that has issued the depositary		
receipts. The trust conditions should specify in		
what cases and subject to what conditions		
holders of depositary receipts may request		
the trust office to call a meeting of holders of		
depositary receipts.		

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
4.5.2 Appointment of board members The board members of the trust office should be appointed by the board of the trust office, after the vacancy has been announced on the website of the trust office. The meeting of holders of depositary receipts may make recommendations to the board of the trust office for the appointment of persons to the position of board member. No management board members or former management board members, supervisory board members or former supervisory board members, employ- ees or permanent advisors of the company should be a member of the board of the trust office.	Not applicable.	
4.5.3 Board appointment period A person may be appointed to the board of the trust office for a maximum of two four-year terms, followed by a maximum of two two- year terms. In the event of a reappointment after an eight-year period, reasons should be given in the report of the board of the trust office.	Not applicable.	
4.5.4 Attendance of the general meeting The board of the trust office should attend the general meeting and should, if desired, make a statement about how it proposes to vote at the meeting.	Not applicable.	
4.5.5 Exercise of voting rights In exercising its voting rights, the trust office should be guided primarily by the interests of the depositary receipt holders, taking the interests of the company and the enterprise affiliated with it into account.	Not applicable.	
4.5.6 Periodic reports The trust office should report periodically, but at least once per year, on its activities. The report should be posted on the company's website.	Not applicable.	

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
4.5.7 Contents of the reports	Not applicable.	
The report referred to in best practice		
provision 4.5.6 should, in any event, set out:		
i. the number of shares for which depositary		
receipts have been issued and an expla-		
nation of changes to this number;		
ii. the work carried out in the financial year;		
iii. the voting behaviour in the general meetings held in the financial year;		
iv. the percentage of votes represented by		
the trust office during the meetings		
referred to in section iii;		
v. the remuneration of the members of the		
board of the trust office;		
vi. the number of meetings held by the		
board and the main items dealt with in		
them;		
vii. the costs of the activities of the trust		
office;		
viii. any external advice obtained by the trust		
office; ix. the positions or ancillary positions held by		
the board members of the trust office;		
and		
x. the contact details of the trust office.		
4.5.8 Voting proxies	Not applicable.	
The board of the trust office should issue		
voting proxies under all circumstances and		
without limitations to all depositary receipt		
holders who request this. Each depositary		
receipt holder may also issue binding voting		
instructions to the trust office in respect of the		
shares which the trust office holds on his behalf.		

Chapter 5. One-tier Governance Structure

Principle 5.1 One-tier governance structure

The composition and functioning of a board of directors comprising both executive and non-executive directors must be such that the supervision by non-executive directors can be properly carried out and independent supervision is assured.

Best practice provision	Application ASR Nederland	Source
5.1.1 Composition of the board of directors The majority of the board of directors is made up of non-executive directors. The require- ments for independence stipulated in best practice provisions 2.1.7 and 2.1.8 apply to the non-executive directors.	Not applicable. ASR Nederland does not have a one-tier governance structure.	
5.1.2 Chairman of the board of directors The chairman of the board of directors chairs the meetings of the board. The chairman of the board of directors should ensure that the board collectively and its committees have a balanced composition and function properly.	Not applicable.	
5.1.3 Independence of the chairman of the board of directors The chairman of the board of directors should not be an executive director or former executive director of the company, and should be independent within the meaning of best practice provision 2.1.8.	Not applicable.	
5.1.4 Composition of committees The committees referred to in best practice provision 2.3.2 should comprise exclusively non-executive directors. Neither the audit committee nor the remuneration committee can be chaired by the chairman of the board of directors or by a former executive director of the company.	Not applicable.	
5.1.5 Reporting on supervision by non-execu- tive directors The non-executive directors render account of the supervision exercised in the past financial year. They should, as a minimum, report on the items referred to in best practice provisi- ons 1.1.3, 2.1.2, 2.1.10, 2.2.8, 2.3.5 and 2.4.4 and, if applicable, the items referred to in best practice provisions 1.3.6 and 2.2.2.	Not applicable.	